# File system documentation

How to do low level operations on the file system

# 1 Create and mount a FAT32 partition

Using fdisk, set the system id to b (W95 FAT32) Download and install dosfstools<sup>1</sup>

Run (as root):

\$ mkfs.vfat \$yourpartition

In /etc/fstab, use the following options:

/dev/\$yourdev /\$mountpoint vfat rw,sohrtname=mixed,utf8 0 0

### 2 How to resize a partition

First edit the partition table so that your partition has the size you want (i.e delete other partitions around, and so on). Run this as root:

\$ fdisk \$yourdev

Then use **resize2fs** to resize your partition (as root):

resize2fs /dev/sda7 [\$size]

where **\$size** is optionnal (normally grows the partition to its dimensions given with fdisk)

# 3 Use unid to recognize your devices

When a partition is created, a lot of different filesystems add a universally unique identifier (UUID) to the volume. This can be used to recognize a disk unambiguously. To get a partition's uuid:

#### \$ vol\_id \$devname

The uuid is given by the ID\_FS\_UUID line in the output. On Arch Linux, vol\_id can be found in lib/initcpio/udev/vol\_id. You can then add a line like this in your fstab:

UUID=1234-5678-9101-abcde \$mountpoint \$fstype \$opts 0 0

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>http://www.daniel-baumann.ch/software/dosfstools/